



01 – 30 NOVEMBER 2011

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ABOUT Center of Excellence Defence against Terrorism (COE-DAT)

Turkey declared her intention to establish COE-DAT on December 1, 2003. Following a process of 3 years, COE-DAT was accredited by NATO and gained International Military Organization status in 2006. Sponsoring Nations in COE-DAT are Bulgaria, Germany, Hungary, Netherlands, Romania, UK, and USA.

Our vision is;

- Overcoming terrorism, a serious threat to world peace, by establishing an internationally respected centre consisting of countries with common goals,
- Becoming NATO's transformation expert for defence against terrorism (DAT),
- Developing and maintaining an academic institution which coordinates with related agencies and allied countries,
- Fostering continual self-development by conducting results-oriented studies, giving direction and providing education and training as a complete concrete contribution to the fight against terrorism today, and in the future.

Our mission is;

- Provide subject matter expertise on the full spectrum of transformation of defence against terrorism by serving as a principal advisor to Supreme Allied Command Transformation (SACT)
- Provide defence against terrorism training and education at the strategic and operational level,
- Assist Allied Command Transformation (ACT) in testing and validating terrorism-related NATO concepts through experimentation,
- Assist in doctrine development by leveraging knowledge and lessons learned,
- Contribute to NATO standardization and improve capabilities/interoperability.

Core values of COE-DAT;

- Sense of service to humanity,
- Team spirit,
- Continuous development,
- Innovation,
- Academic claim,
- Efficient education and training.

ABOUT Information Collection and Management Center (ICMC)

ICMC is a branch established under Capabilities Department in COE-DAT. Its main duty is to monitor all terrorism related incidents throughout the world, catalogue them and prepare reports at daily and monthly basis.

ACRONYM USED IN THIS REPORT

IED	: Improvised Explosive Device
IDF	: Indirect Fire
VBIED	: Vehicle - Borne Improvised Explosive Device
VOIED	: Victim - Operated Improvised Explosive Device
SVBIED	: Suicide Vehicle-Borne Improvised Explosive Device
SA	: Suicide Attack
AA	: Armed Attack
CA	: Cyber Attack
K	: Killed
W	: Wounded
A	: Abducted

GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE MONTH

There were **608** reported terrorist incidents in **30** different countries in November 2011,

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Pakistan	150	162	193	16
Iraq	132	153	477	6
Afghanistan	94	111	133	0
India	65	26	39	20
Somalia	23	40	34	33
Mexico	17	47	6	0
Yemen	17	37	13	1
Turkey	16	4	17	23
Colombia	14	25	33	0
Philippines	14	10	48	3
Thailand	13	10	31	0
Nepal	10	2	3	0
Kenya	7	3	8	0
Nigeria	6	103	4	5
Syria	5	33	6	0
Algeria	5	3	3	1
Russia	4	3	0	0
Kazakhstan	2	4	2	0
Lebanon	2	0	0	0
Chile	2	0	0	0
Myanmar	1	10	27	0
Peru	1	1	2	0
Mali	1	1	0	3
Israel	1	0	0	0
Egypt	1	0	0	0
Croatia	1	0	0	0
Burundi	1	0	0	0
USA	1	0	0	0
UK	1	0	0	0
Sudan	1	0	0	0
Total	608	788	1079	111

versus **814** in the preceding month. These incidents claimed **788¹** lives, caused **1,079** injuries and included **111** abductions. The incidents decreased roughly 25% in the world compared to previous month. Incidents in Pakistan, Iraq and Afghanistan consist of 62% of all total incidents in the world. Pakistan was in the first place by the total number of casualties in the world in November 2011.

Table 1- Attacks in November 2011 throughout the World

¹ All figures mentioned in the report come from publicly available sources, and any discrepancy in figures cited in similar works is the result of varying consultation of these sources. Neither NATO nor COE-DAT is responsible for such discrepancies.

MAP OF TERRORIST INCIDENTS OF THE MOST HIT 10 COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD DURING NOVEMBER 2011²



² This map shown here is taken from www.presentationmagazine.com

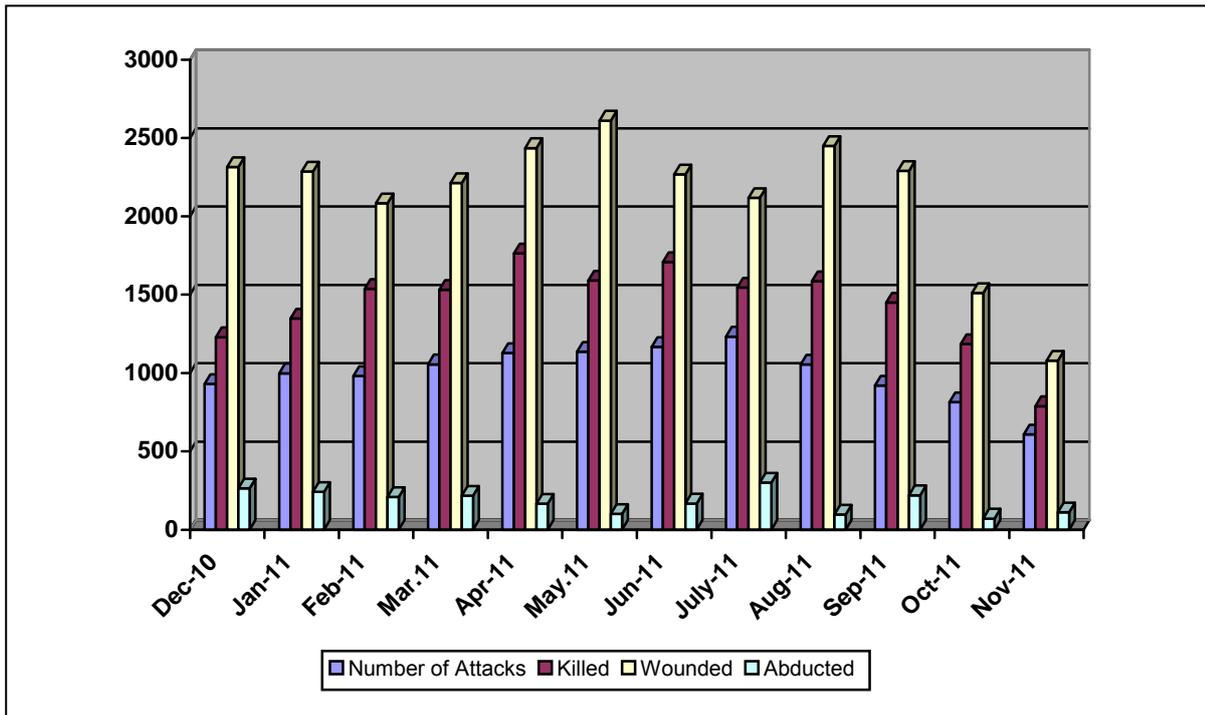


Chart 1 – Some World Security Trends

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
IED	218	229	584	0
Armed Attack	125	157	100	0
Clash	103	91	124	0
Execution	39	84	0	0
IDF	37	67	110	0
Suicide Attack	26	141	116	0
VBIED	21	13	45	0
Abduction	19	0	0	49
Arson	8	0	0	0
Piracy	5	0	0	59
Raid	4	6	0	3
Cyber Attack	2	0	0	0
Hoax	1	0	0	0
Total	608	788	1079	111

Table 2- Types of Terrorist Attacks in November 2011

The attack types in the world in November are shown above in the table. Improvised explosive device (IED) attacks, armed attacks and clashes consist of 73% of the total attacks in the world in November. According to attack types, IED attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest attack was a suicide attack in Yobe State in Nigeria on November 4 and claimed 100 lives. The incident happened when six bombs went off in different part of the Damaturu Nigeria.”

THE MIDDLE EAST

Iraq, Yemen, Syria, Lebanon and Israel suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2011. Total 157 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The incidents decreased roughly 27% in Middle East compared to previous month. The number of incidents in the Middle East consists of 26% of the total number of incidents in the world in November. Iraq was the most hit country in the Middle East with 132 incidents. 84% of the incidents in the Middle East occurred in Iraq. Also, Iraq was in the first place by the total number of casualties in the Middle East in November 2011.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Iraq	132	153	477	6
Yemen	17	37	13	1
Syria	5	33	6	0
Lebanon	2	0	0	0
Israel	1	0	0	0
Total	157	223	496	7

Table 3 - Incidents per Country in the Middle East in November 2011

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
IED	75	105	356	0
Armed Attack	37	45	35	0
VBIED	16	12	29	0
Clash	9	9	10	0
Suicide Attack	6	21	64	0
IDF	5	25	2	0
Abduction	5	0	0	7
Execution	4	6	0	0
Total	157	223	496	7

Table 4 - Types of Terrorist Attacks in the Middle East in November 2011

The attack types in the Middle East in November are shown above in the table. Improvised explosive device (IED) attacks, armed attacks and VBIED attacks consist of 81% of the total attacks in the Middle East in November. According to attack types, IED attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest attack in November in the Middle East was 27 November IDF attack in the Saada province Yemen. 24 people were killed in the attack.”



Map 1³: The Middle East

AFRICA

Somalia, Kenya, Nigeria, Algeria, Mali, Sudan, Egypt and Burundi suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2011. Total 45 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The incidents increased roughly 10% in Africa compared to previous month. The number of incidents in Africa consist of 7% of the total number of incidents in the world in November. Somalia was the most hit country in Africa with 23 incidents. 51% of the incidents of the Africa occurred in Somalia. But, Nigeria was in the first place by the total number of casualties in Africa in November 2011.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Somalia	23	40	34	33
Kenya	7	3	8	0
Nigeria	6	103	4	5
Algeria	5	3	3	1
Mali	1	1	0	3
Sudan	1	0	0	0
Egypt	1	0	0	0
Burundi	1	0	0	0
Total	45	150	49	42

Table 5 - Incidents per Country in Africa in November 2011.

³ All maps shown here are taken from www.maps.google.com

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
Armed Attack	11	16	5	0
Clash	11	11	19	0
IED	8	10	13	0
Execution	4	5	0	0
Piracy	4	0	0	38
IDF	3	7	12	0
Suicide attack	2	100	0	0
Raid	1	1	0	3
Abduction	1	0	0	1
Total	45	150	49	42

Table 6 - Types of Terrorist Attacks in Africa in November

The attack types in Africa in November are shown above in the table. Armed attacks, IED attacks and clashes consist of 66% of the total attacks in Africa in November. According to attack types, armed attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest attack was a suicide attack in Yobe State in Nigeria on November 4 and claimed 100 lives. The incident happened when six bombs went off in different part of the Damaturu Nigeria.”



Map 2: Africa

EUROPE

Turkey, Russia, Croatia and UK suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2011. Total 22 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The incidents decreased roughly 46% in Europe compared to previous month. The number of incidents in Europe consists of 4% of the total number of incidents in the world in November. Turkey was the most hit country in Europe with 16 incidents. 73% of the incidents in Europe occurred in Turkey. Also, Turkey was in the first place by the total number of casualties in Europe in November 2011.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Turkey	16	4	17	23
Russia	4	3	0	0
Croatia	1	0	0	0
UK	1	0	0	0
Total	22	7	17	23

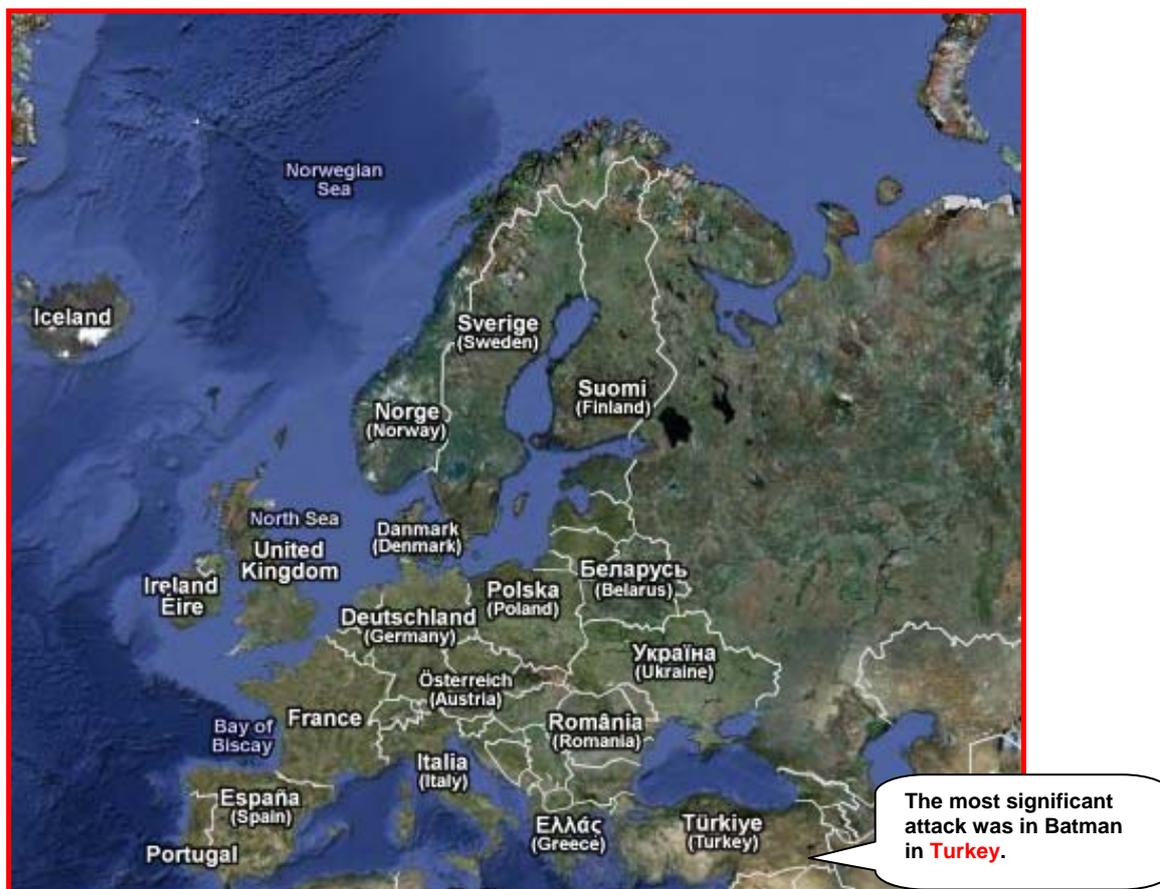
Table 7 - Incidents per Country in Europe in November 2011.

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
Armed Attack	7	7	13	0
Clash	6	0	3	0
IED	4	0	1	0
Piracy	1	0	0	21
Abduction	1	0	0	2
Raid	1	0	0	0
Cyber Attack	1	0	0	0
Hoax	1	0	0	0
Total	22	7	17	23

Table 8 - Types of Terrorist Attacks in Europe in November 2011.

The attack types in Europe in November are shown above in the table. Armed attacks clashes and IED attacks consist of 78% of the total attacks in Europe in November. According to attack types, armed attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest attack in November in Europe was 23 November armed attack in Batman, a southeastern city of Turkey, two security guards and a worker were killed when terrorists attacked an oil field.”



Map 3: Europe

ASIA

Pakistan, Afghanistan, India, Philippines, Thailand, Nepal, Kazakhstan and Myanmar suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2011. Total 349 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The incidents decreased roughly 24% in Asia compared to previous month. The number of incidents in Asia consists of 57% of the total number of incidents in the world in November. Pakistan was the most hit country in Asia with 150 incidents. 43% of the incidents in Asia occurred in Pakistan. Also, Pakistan was in the first place by the total number of casualties in Asia in November 2011.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Pakistan	150	162	193	16
Afghanistan	94	111	133	0
India	65	26	39	20
Philippines	14	10	48	3
Thailand	13	10	31	0
Nepal	10	2	3	0
Kazakhstan	2	4	2	0
Myanmar	1	10	27	0
Total	349	335	476	39

Table 9 –Incidents per Country in Asia in November 2011.

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
IED	128	111	214	0
Clash	71	64	92	0
Armed Attack	58	68	39	0
IDF	26	31	77	0
Execution	25	38	0	0
Suicide attack	18	20	52	0
Abduction	12	0	0	39
Arson	7	0	0	0
VBIED	3	0	2	0
Raid	1	3	0	0
Total	349	335	476	39

Table 10- Types of Terrorist Attacks in Asia in November 2011

The attack types in Asia in November are shown above in the table. IED attacks, clashes and armed attacks consist of 74% of the total attacks in Asia in November. According to attack types, IED attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest attack in November in Asia was 21 November clash in Pakistan’s Baluchistan province. 14 Frontier Corps (FC) personnel were killed and 16 others were wounded in shootout with a group of terrorists when their convoy was ambushed.”



Map 4: Asia

THE AMERICAS

Mexico, Colombia, Chile, Peru, and USA suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2011. Total 35 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The incidents decreased roughly 38% in America compared to previous month. The number of incidents in America consists of 6% of the total number of incidents in the world in November. Mexico was the most hit country in America with 17 incidents and 49% of the incidents in America occurred in Mexico. Also, Mexico was in the first place by the total number of casualties in America in November 2011.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Mexico	17	47	6	0
Colombia	14	25	33	0
Chile	2	0	0	0
Peru	1	1	2	0
USA	1	0	0	0
Total	35	73	41	0

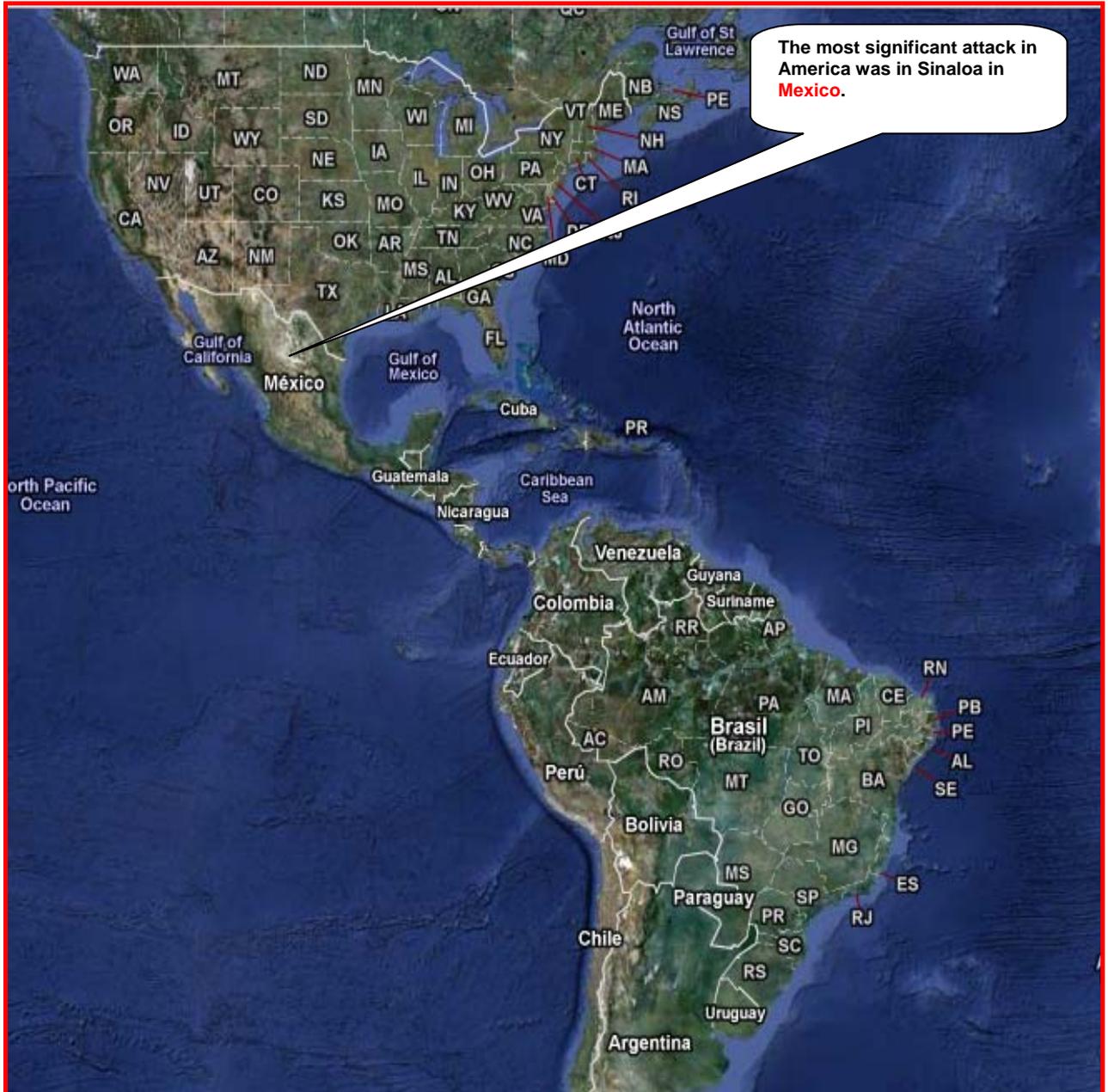
Table 11 –Incidents per Country in Americas in November 2011

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
Armed Attack	12	21	8	0
Execution	6	35	0	0
Clash	6	7	0	0
IDF	3	4	19	0
IED	3	3	0	0
VBIED	2	1	14	0
Raid	1	2	0	0
Arson	1	0	0	0
Cyber Attack	1	0	0	0
Total	35	73	41	0

Table 12- Types of Terrorist Attacks in America in November 2011

The attack types in America in November are shown above in the table. Armed attacks, executions and clashes consist of 69% of the total attacks in America in November. According to attack types, armed attack was the most prevalent methodology during the month.

“The deadliest incident in November in America was an armed attack in which eight people were killed and five others were wounded on November 5 in Sinaloa, Mexico.”



Map 5: America

This report is prepared by ICMC using open sources of media and internet. ICMC's aim is to present statistical data about terrorism incidents throughout the world. If you would like to comment on the report or contribute it please feel free to contact ICMC.

COE-DAT Contact Address:

Center of Excellence Defense Against Terrorism (COE-DAT), Ankara/TURKEY

Tel: +90 312 425 82 15 Fax: +90 312 425 64 89 e-mail: info@coedat.nato.int

ICMC Contact Address:

The Chief of ICMC : chief_icmc@coedat.nato.int

Analyst Officer : analystofficer@coedat.nato.int

SOURCES

The Sources from which ICMC benefits in collecting terrorism related news:

1. <http://www.alertnet.org>
2. <http://www.pajhwok.com>
3. <http://en.aswataliraq.info>
4. <http://www.xinhuanet.com>
5. <http://en.rian.ru>
6. <http://www.dailytimes.com.pk>
7. <http://allafrica.com/somalia>
8. <http://www.nationalsecurity.lk>
9. <http://www.nationmultimedia.com>
10. <http://www.bangkokpost.com>
11. <http://www.tsk.tr>
12. <http://www.kuna.net>
13. <http://www.colombiareports.com/colombia-news.html>
14. http://www.upi.com/Top_News/World_News/
15. <http://www.sabanews.net>
16. <http://www.satp.org>
17. <http://www.magharebia.com>
18. <http://www.laht.com>
19. <http://www.iter-tass.com>
20. <http://www.bbc.co.uk>
21. <http://www.inseconline.org>
22. <http://www.dawn.com/latest-news/>
23. <http://english.aljazeera.net/>
24. <http://www.haberturk.com.tr>
25. <http://www.hurriyet.com.tr>
26. <http://www.milliyet.com.tr>
27. <http://www.gazeteler.com>

The Terrorism and Security Studies related websites which ICMC follows :

1. <http://www.defense.gov> : United States Department of Defense
2. <http://www.ict.org.il> : International Policy Institute for Counter-Terrorism
3. <http://www.iiss.org> : The International Institute for Strategic Studies
4. <http://www.idsa.in> : The Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses
5. <http://www.satp.org> : The Institute for Conflict Management
6. <http://www.ipcs.org> : The Institute for Peace and Conflict Studies
7. <http://www.irs.org.pk> : The Institute for Regional Studies
8. <http://www.orfonline.org> : The observer Research Foundation
9. <http://www.rcss.org> : The Regional Center Strategic Studies
10. <http://www.icescolombo.org> : The International Center of Ethnic Studies
11. <http://www.emergency.com/cntrterr.htm> : The Emergency Res. & Research Institute
12. <http://www.terrorism.com> : The Terrorism Research Center
13. <http://www.terrorism.net> : Terrorism Net
14. <http://www.state.gov/s/ct> : United State Department of Defence
15. <http://www.stimson.org> : The Stimson Center
16. <http://www.brookings.edu> : The Brookings Institution
17. <http://www.css.ethz.ch> : The Center of Security Studies and Conflict Research
18. <http://www.ccc.nps.navy.mil> : Center of Contemporary Conflict
19. <http://www.res.ethz.ch> : The Russian and Eurasian Security
20. <http://www.stategicstudies.army.mil> : Strategic Studies Institute
21. <http://www.rand.org> : Research and Development Site
22. <http://www.globalct.org> : Center on Global Counterterrorism Cooperation
23. <http://sipri.org> : Stockholm International Peace Reserach Institute
24. <http://www.nefafoundation.org> : Nine Eleven Finding Answer
25. <http://www.natochannel.tv> : NATO TV
26. <http://csis.org> : Center for Strategic & International Studies
27. <http://www.treasury.gov> : U.S. Department of the Treasury
28. <http://www.cfr.org> : Council on Foreign Relations
29. <http://www.epc.eu> : European Politics and Institutions
30. <http://www.crisisgroup.org> : International Crisis Group
31. <http://www.meforum.org> : Middle East Forum
32. <http://www.turksam.org> : Türksam Uluslararası İlişkiler ve Stratejik Analizler Merkezi
33. <http://www.usak.org.tr> : Uluslararası Stratejik Araştırmalar Kurumu
34. <http://www.marshallcenter.org>: European Center for Security Studies
35. <http://www.fas.org>: Federation of American Scientists