



**CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE  
DEFENCE AGAINST TERRORISM  
(COE-DAT)**

## *Monthly Terrorism Report*

**01 – 30 NOVEMBER 2010**

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## GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE MONTH

There were **992** reported terrorist incidents in **38** different countries in November 2010, versus **997** in the preceding month. These incidents claimed **1,253**<sup>1</sup> lives, caused **2,337** injuries, and included **277** abductions. Terrorist incidents intensified in Iraq, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India, Colombia, Russia, Philippines, Somalia, Mexico, Thailand, Yemen, and Algeria during this period. In November 2010, violence was almost the same in Iraq, but decreased in Afghanistan roughly 20% compared to the previous month. In addition, in Pakistan the violence was almost the same, while in India 10% increase was recorded in terms of the number of attacks during the month. In addition, 42 terrorist incidents were recorded in Colombia, while 26 terrorist attacks occurred in Mexico. Lastly, the violence was increased in Russia roughly 10%, while two terrorist incidents were recorded in Turkey.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Iraq	265	256	925	3
Afghanistan	179	220	274	14
Pakistan	139	227	402	22
India	117	99	69	14
Colombia	42	70	109	7
Russia	32	15	26	0
Philippines	31	16	34	25
Somalia	29	99	226	148
Mexico	26	119	12	0
Thailand	18	14	21	0
Yemen	18	67	59	29
Algeria	15	12	24	0
Greece	10	0	2	0
Nigeria	10	3	5	12
UK	7	1	4	0
Nepal	7	2	3	0
Peru	6	5	8	0
Myanmar	4	3	22	0
Sudan	4	0	1	3
Bangladesh	4	3	17	0
Iran	3	1	3	0
Ethiopia	3	0	0	0
Kyrgyzstan	3	0	5	0
USA	3	0	0	0
CAR	1	0	0	0
Georgia	2	2	1	0
Kenya	2	1	1	0
Turkey	2	0	1	0
Brazil	1	2	1	0
Cameroon	1	5	0	0
Cote D'ivore	1	5	0	0
El Salvador	1	1	2	0
Germany	1	0	0	0
Kosovo	1	0	1	0
Lebanon	1	0	6	0
Morocco	1	2	70	0
Nicaragua	1	0	3	0
Senegal	1	3	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>1,253</b>	<b>2,337</b>	<b>277</b>



Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Map<sup>2</sup>

**On November 5, suicide attack claimed 95 lives and 72 injuries in Darra Adam Khel district in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province in Pakistan.**

The deadliest attack was a suicide attack in Pakistan, in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province on November 5. More than 90 people lost their lives and 72 others wounded in the attack. The blast took place at a time when people were offering Friday prayers in Darra Adam Khel district. Some 300 people had gathered, when the bomber walked into the Mosque's main hall and detonated himself.

Table 1- Attacks in November 2010 throughout the World

<sup>1</sup> All figures mentioned in the report come from publicly available sources, and any discrepancy in figures cited in similar works is the result of varying consultation of these sources. Neither NATO nor COE-DAT is responsible for such discrepancies.

<sup>2</sup> Pakistan map, (accessed November 5, 2010; available from <http://images.google.com.tr/imgurl=http://newsimg.bbc.co.uk>)

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
IED	326	248	999	0
Armed attack	231	401	108	0
Clash	152	178	380	0
IDF	70	37	183	5
VBIED	54	105	223	0
Raid	36	49	48	0
Execution	29	43	0	0
Arson	25	0	0	2
Suicide attack	25	191	391	0
Abduction	28	0	4	94
Piracy	12	1	1	176
Hoax	4	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>1,253</b>	<b>2,337</b>	<b>277</b>

Table 2 - Types of Terrorist Attacks in November 2010

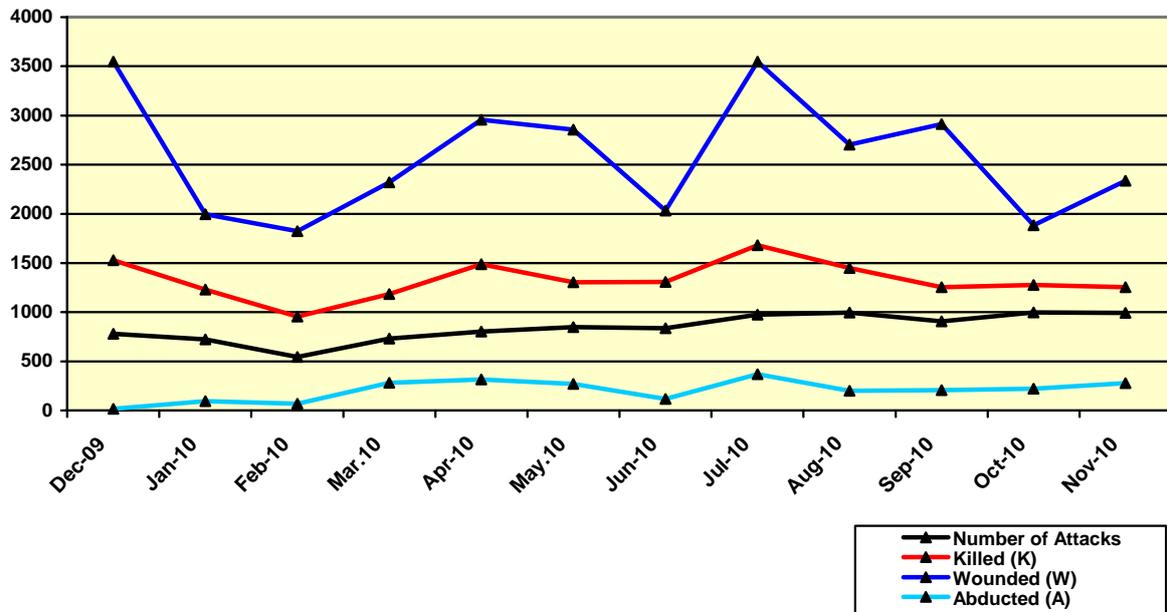
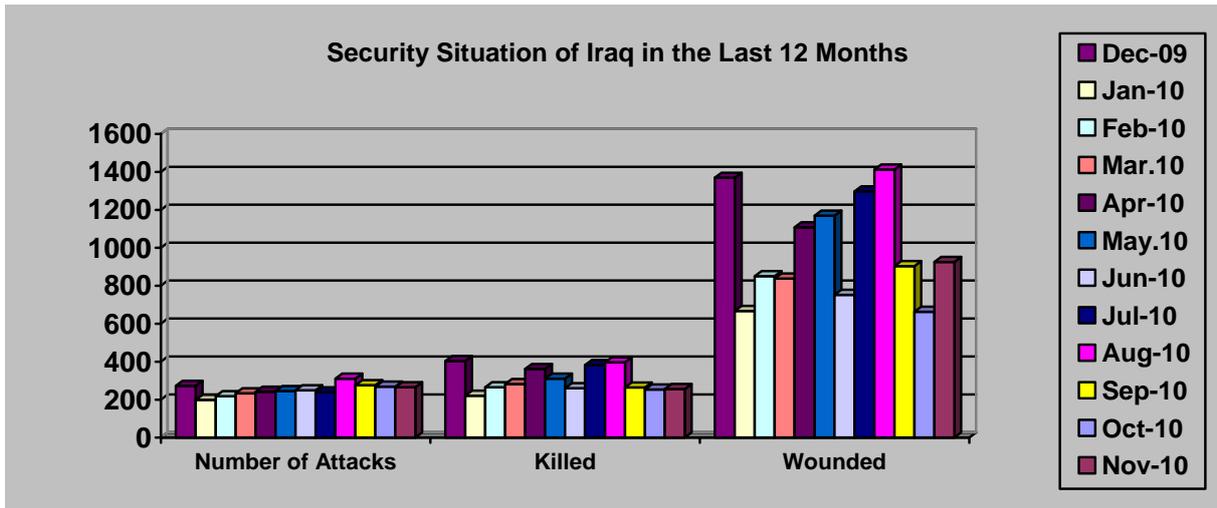


Chart 1 – Some World Security Trends

# IRAQ

In **Iraq**, **265** terrorism-related incidents were reported for the month of November 2010 and terrorism related incidents approximately was the same compared to the previous month. These attacks claimed **256** lives, and wounded **925** others, and included three abducted. The deadliest attack was an improvised explosive devices (IED) attack in Baghdad on November 2, left 64 people dead, and 360 others wounded. Also, another deadliest attack was a vehicle-borne improvised explosive devices (VBIED) attack in Basra province on November 8, claiming 10 lives and 43 injuries.



In **Baghdad**, 86 terrorist incidents were reported for November 2010. These incidents claimed 94 lives and wounded 541. The most significant attack for the period was November 2 IED attack, killing 64 people and wounding 360 others as mentioned above in the first paragraph.

Six different methods were used in Baghdad during the month. The most-used method was IED attack, with 57 attacks including 14 VBIED attacks. In total, IED attacks claimed 73 lives and 516 injuries. The second-most prevalent method was armed attack with 13 incidents resulting in 15 deaths and four injuries. In addition, 13 indirect fire (IDF) attacks left five dead and 21 wounded, while two clashes resulted in one death. Also, a raid caused no casualties in Baghdad during the month.

**Mosul** was the second worst hit province in Iraq in November 2010, with 66 separate attacks, leaving 47 dead and 95 injured. The deadliest attack was November 16 armed attack, left three civilian dead.

Eight different methodologies were used in Mosul during the month, and the most-used method was IED attack including six VBIED attacks, with 29 instances, these attacks resulted in 10 deaths and wounded 81. The second most prevalent method was armed attack, with 24 instances. In all, armed attacks claimed 31 lives and wounded two. Five IDF attacks caused one dead and five wounded, while for civilians were executed in separate four attacks. In addition, two suicide attacks claimed one life and six injuries, while a clash caused one injury. Lastly, a raid caused no casualties in Mosul during the period.

**Kirkuk** was the third worst hit region, in which 28 separate incidents, claimed 31 lives, and injured 13, and included two abductions. The deadliest attack was November 6 VBIED attack, claimed six lives in Kirkuk province.

Five methods were used during the period in Kirkuk province. The most used method was IED attack including three VBIED attacks, with 15 incidents left 17 dead and 12 injuries. The second most prevalent method was armed attack, with eight attacks, resulting in 12

deaths and one wounded, while two IDF attacks caused no casualties. Lastly, two civilians were executed in two separate incidents, while two civilians were abducted on November 11 in Kirkuk province during the month.

**Anbar** province was the fourth worst hit province during the month, with 23 incidents. These attacks claimed eight lives and wounded 26. The most significant attack for the period was an IED attack on November 15, caused one civilian dead and one wounded.

Four different tactics were used in Anbar province during the month, and the most prevalent method for the period was IED attack including four VBIED attacks, with 21 attacks, claiming seven lives and 23 injuries. In addition, one armed attack caused one dead, while an IDF attack left three policemen wounded during the month.

Location	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Baghdad	86	94	541	0
Mosul	66	47	95	0
Kirkuk	28	31	13	2
Anbar	23	8	26	0
Salah al-Din	17	16	48	0
Seven other locs.	45	60	202	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>3</b>

Table3– The Worst Hit Provinces in Iraq in November 2010

**Salah al-Din** province was the fifth worst-hit province during the period, with 17 attacks. In total, 16 people were killed and 48 others were wounded.

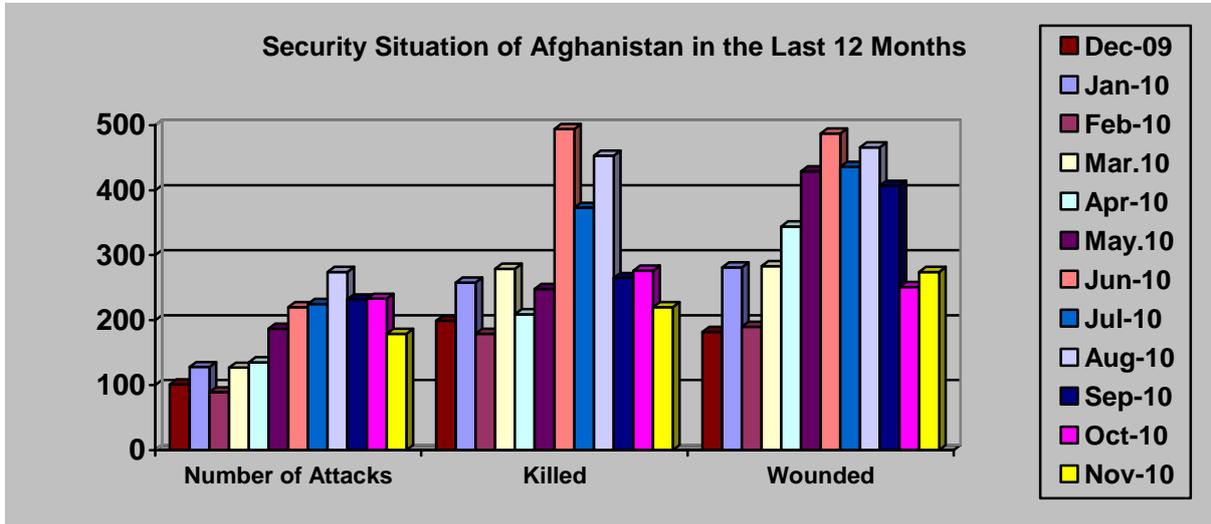
Four different methods were used in the province during the period. IED attack including two VBIED attack, with 13 instances, was the most used methodology in the province claimed 11 lives and 47 injuries. The second most important method was armed attack with three attacks, resulting in three dead, and one wounded. Lastly, two policemen were executed on November 29, in Salah al-Din province during the period.

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
IED	125	111	672	0
Armed attack	52	64	8	0
VBIED	37	53	164	0
IDF	29	6	32	0
Suicide attack	4	9	48	0
Clash	3	1	1	0
Raid	2	0	0	0
Execution	11	12	0	0
Abduction	2	0	0	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>3</b>

Table 4 – Attack Types in Iraq in November 2010

# AFGHANISTAN

In November 2010, **179** terrorist incidents were reported in **Afghanistan**. These attacks claimed **220** lives and caused **274** injuries. Unknown persons also abducted **14** people during the same period. The number of terrorist incidents was decreased roughly %20 compared to the previous month. The deadliest attack for the month was a suicide attack in Paktika province caused 12 policemen dead and 16 wounded on November 27.



Terrorists targeted 28 provinces in Afghanistan during the month. **Helmand** was the most vulnerable province in the country, with 20 separate attacks that killed 28 people and wounded 26. The deadliest attack was November 12 armed attack, left six security staff killed.

In Helmand, the most used method was clash, with 10 instances that caused eight deaths and wounded nine. Also, six IED attacks claimed 10 lives and 17 injuries, while four armed attacks resulted in 10 dead.

**Kunduz** was the country's second hardest hit province, with 14 separate attacks, leaving 26 dead and 35 injured. The deadliest attack was a VBIED attack in Kunduz province on November 13, claimed eight lives and 18 injuries, while November 15 raid in the province caused eight policemen dead.

A total of five different methods were used in the province during the period. IED attack including one VBIED attack was the most used method, with six separate attacks, killing 10 and wounding 35 people. Also, four clashes resulted in four deaths, while two IDF attacks caused no casualties. Lastly, two raids claimed 12 lives in Kunduz province during the month.

A total of 13 separate attacks made **Nangarhar** province the third most violent province in Afghanistan. These attacks resulted in 12 dead and 18 wounded. The deadliest attack for the month was an armed attack in Nangarhar province on November 29, left six coalition soldiers dead during the month.

In all, six different methods were used in Nangarhar province, and IED attack, was the most prevalent tactic during the period with four attacks. These four attacks resulted in three deaths and 18 wounded. Also, three suicide attacks resulted in three dead, while two raids caused no casualties. In addition, two clashes and an arson attack claimed no lives but material damages. Lastly, an armed attack left six coalition soldiers killed in the province during the month.

**Kandahar** province saw 12 attacks during the month, in which 16 people were killed and 25 were wounded. The deadliest attack for the month was an IED attack in Kandahar province on November 22, claimed four lives and three wounded.

In all, terrorists in the province used three different methods. IED attack including two VBIED attacks, with nine occurrences, was the most used method in Kandahar province, resulted in 14 dead and 25 wounded, while a clash caused no casualties.

Province	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Helmand	20	28	26	0
Kunduz	14	26	35	0
Nangarhar	13	12	18	0
Kandahar	12	16	25	0
Ghazni	10	8	1	0
23 other pros.	110	130	169	14
<b>Total</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>14</b>

Table 5 – The Worst Hit Provinces in Afghanistan in November 2010

**Ghazni** province saw the fifth highest number of attacks in the country, with 10 incidents, claiming eight lives and causing one injury. The deadliest attack for the month was an IED attack in Ghazni province on November 4, left five security staff killed.

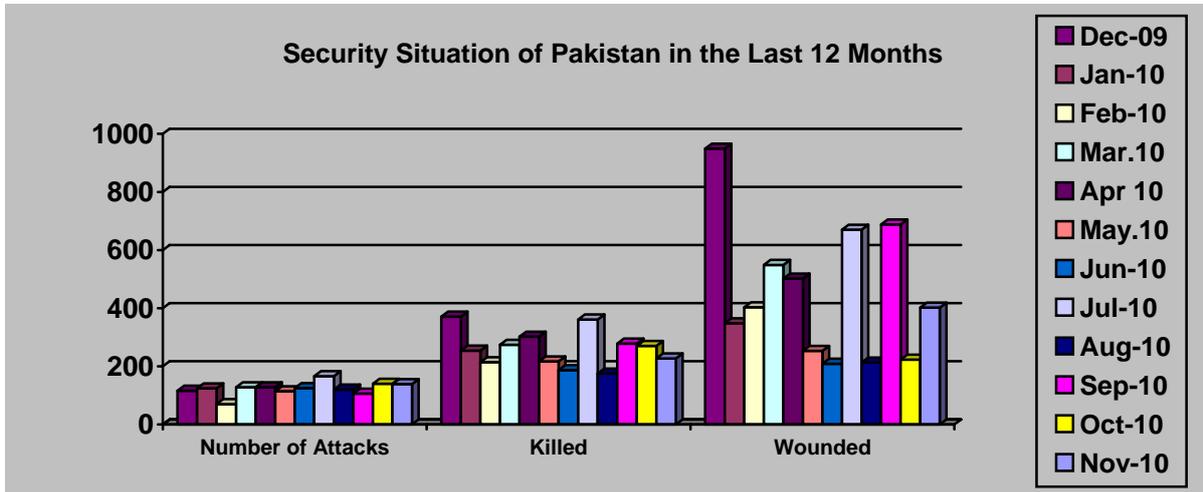
Six different methods were used in Ghazni province and clash was the most used method with four incidents left one wounded, while IED attack including one VBIED attack was the second most used method with three instances, resulting in five deaths. In addition, an armed attack left two dead, while one people was executed on November 7. Lastly, an arson attack caused no casualties in the province during the month.

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
IED	63	74	141	0
Clash	43	19	14	0
Armed attack	38	65	14	0
Suicide attack	10	28	60	0
VOIED	7	11	43	0
IDF	5	1	0	0
Raid	5	19	2	0
Arson	3	0	0	0
Abduction	3	0	0	14
Execution	2	3	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>14</b>

Table 6 – Attack Types in Afghanistan in November 2010

# PAKISTAN

139 terrorist incidents occurred in **Pakistan** in November 2010, claiming **227** lives and causing **402** injuries, and included **22** abductions. The violence level was almost the same in Pakistan compared to the previous month. The deadliest attack was November 5 suicide attack in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province, killing 95 civilians and wounding 72 others. Also, another suicide attack in Sindh province claimed 30 lives and 150 injuries on November 11.



The terrorists hit six provinces in Pakistan during the month and **Khyber Pakhtunkhwa** province was the most hit province, with 40 incidents, claiming 127 lives, causing 173 injuries, and included two abductions. The most significant attack was November 5 suicide attack in which more than 90 people were killed and 72 wounded.

Six different tactics were used in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province, and IED attack was the most used method, with 11 occurrences, leaving five dead and 22 injured, while 11 clashes left one dead and two wounded. Also, eight armed attacks resulted in eight dead and four wounded, while six IDF attacks claimed 10 lives and 49 injuries. In addition, three suicide attacks caused 103 dead and 96 wounded. Lastly, two civilians were abducted in the province on November 8 during the month.

Federally Administered Tribal Area (**FATA**) was the worst hit second region, with 39 different attacks, claiming 24 lives and 42 injuries, and included nine abductions. The deadliest incident was November 20 IDF attack in the province, resulting in three civilian dead and eight wounded. In addition, November 7 execution caused three tribesmen dead in FATA province during the month.

In all, terrorists used eight different methodologies in the province, leading with IED attacks, with 17 occurrences, resulting in five dead and 15 wounded, while five clashes claimed five lives and six injuries. In addition, eight people were executed in four separate incidents, while three armed attacks left one dead and three wounded. Also, three IDF attacks claimed four lives and 10 injuries, while a suicide attack resulted in one death and eight wounded. Lastly, five arson attacks caused no casualties, while nine soldiers were abducted in the province during the month.

**Baluchistan** province saw the third highest number of attacks in the country, with 31 separate attacks that killed 26, wounded 22 people, and included nine abductions. The deadliest attack was November 21 armed attack in the province in which five civilian were killed and three others wounded. In addition, November 7 armed attack resulted in four policemen deaths.

Seven different methods used in Baluchistan province, and the most used method was armed attack, with 14 occurrences that caused 21 dead and nine wounded. The second

most prevalent method was IED attack, with six occurrences, leaving two wounded, while five arson attacks claimed two abducted. Also, three IDF attacks left two killed and nine wounded, while a raid claimed three lives and two injuries. Lastly, an arson attack caused no casualties, while seven people were abducted in the province during the period.

**Sindh** province saw 25 incidents during the month, in which 50 people lost their lives, 165 others were wounded, and included two abductions. The deadliest incident was November 11 suicide attack in Sindh province, killing 30 civilians and wounding 150.

A total of seven different methods were used in the Sindh province during the period. Armed attack was the most used method, with 12 separate attacks, killing 19 people and wounding eight, while two IED attacks caused seven wounded. Also, a suicide attack left 30 dead and 150 wounded, while a clash caused no casualties. In addition, a civilian was executed, while two soldiers were abducted. Lastly, a hoax was reported from Sindh province during the month.

**Punjab** was the fifth worst hit province, with two attacks, causing no casualties. The attack types were arson and armed attack in the province.

Lastly, capital city **Islamabad** saw two incidents in Pakistan during the month. Two suicide attacks were foiled in the capital city.

Location	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	40	127	173	2
FATA	39	24	42	9
Baluchistan	31	26	22	9
Sindh	25	50	165	2
Punjab	2	0	0	0
Islamabad	2	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>22</b>

Table 7 – The Worst Hit Provinces in Pakistan in November 2010

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
IED	42	10	46	0
Armed attack	38	49	24	0
Clash	18	6	8	0
IDF	12	16	68	0
Arson	11	0	0	2
Suicide Attack	7	134	254	0
Execution	5	9	0	0
Abduction	4	0	0	20
Hoax	1	0	0	0
Raid	1	3	2	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>22</b>

Table 8 – Attack Types in Pakistan in November 2010

## THE MIDDLE EAST

Along with Iraq, Yemen, Iran and Lebanon **Middle East** suffered from terrorist attacks in November 2010. Excluding Iraq, 22 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The deadliest attack in Middle East was November 26 suicide attack in Saada province in Yemen, killing 40 civilians.

The worst hit country in the Middle East was **Yemen**, with 18 separate incidents, leaving 67 dead and 59 wounded, and included 29 abducted. Another significant attack in Yemen was a suicide attack in al-Jouf province on November 24, caused 17 civilians killed and 12 others wounded. Seven different methods were used in Yemen during the period, and the most prevalent was armed attack, with five occurrences, claiming three lives and three injuries, while four IED attacks resulted in three deaths and 15 wounded. Also, three clashes caused four dead and 23 wounded, while three suicide attacks left 57 killed and 14 wounded. In addition, an IDF attack claimed four injuries, while 28 people were abducted in a piracy attack. Lastly, a civilian was abducted in Saada province during the month.

Also, in **Iran** three incidents occurred during the period. Two VBIED attacks caused one dead and two wounded, while a hijack attempt against a plane en-route from Tehran to Damascus was foiled.

Lastly, a clash in Tyre province in **Lebanon** claimed six injuries during the month.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Iraq	265	256	925	3
Yemen	18	67	59	29
Iran	3	1	3	0
Lebanon	1	0	6	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>32</b>

Table 9 – Incidents per Country in the Middle East in November 2010

## AFRICA

In **Africa**, 11 countries were hit by various terrorist acts during November 2010. Among these countries, **Somalia** saw the most activity, with some 29 separate attacks, resulting in 99 deaths and 226 wounded, and included 148 abductions. The deadliest incident was November 17 clash in the restive capital city, Mogadishu in which more than 15 people were killed and roughly 50 others were injured.

Five different methodologies were used in Somalia, and the most used method was clash, with 12 instances, which resulted in 93 deaths and 190 wounded, while 10 piracies claimed one life and 148 abductions. In addition, three IDF attacks resulted in four deaths and 25 injuries, while two IED attacks left 10 civilians wounded. Lastly, two armed attacks caused one dead and one wounded during the period.

15 attacks in **Algeria** put the country in Africa the second most targeted country in November 2010. In all, 12 people lost their lives and 24 others wounded. The deadliest attack was November 28 clash in Chelf province, claiming four lives and three injuries. Two different methodologies were used in Nigeria, and the most used one was clash with four instances, resulting in four deaths and nine injuries, while seven IED attacks left eight dead and 15 others wounded in Algeria during the month.

10 terrorist attacks in **Nigeria** caused three dead and five wounded. Also, unknown assailants abducted 12 people. The deadliest attack was November 19 armed attack, resulting in two deaths and one wounded. Five different tactics used in Nigeria, and the most used was raid with three attacks in which caused no casualties. Also, two armed attacks claimed three lives and two injuries, while two IED attacks caused no casualties. Lastly, one piracy left one people wounded, while two people were wounded and 12 others abducted in two separate abductions during the month.

Four incidents in **Sudan**, one abduction, one armed attack, one clash and one raid, left one United Nation (UN) worker wounded and three others abducted, while three clashes in **Ethiopia** caused no casualties.

In addition, two raids claimed one life and one injury in **Kenya**, while a raid caused no casualties in **Central African Republic (CAR)**. Also, five soldiers lost their lives in Bakassi Peninsula in **Cameroon**, while a clash resulted in five dead in **Cote d'Ivoire**. Lastly, a clash in **Morocco** claimed two lives and 70 injuries, while an armed attack caused three soldiers dead in **Senegal** during the period.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Somalia	29	99	226	148
Algeria	15	12	24	0
Nigeria	10	3	5	12
Sudan	4	0	1	3
Ethiopia	3	0	0	0
Kenya	2	1	1	0
CAR	1	0	0	0
Cameroon	1	5	0	0
Cote d'Ivoire	1	5	0	0
Morocco	1	2	70	0
Senegal	1	3	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>163</b>

Table 10 – Incidents per Country in Africa in November 2010

## EUROPE

Seven countries suffered from terrorism in Europe in November 2010. **Russia** was the leading country with 32 terrorist attacks, which killed 15 and wounded 26. The deadliest incident was a clash in Dagestan province on November 11, caused seven dead and six wounded.

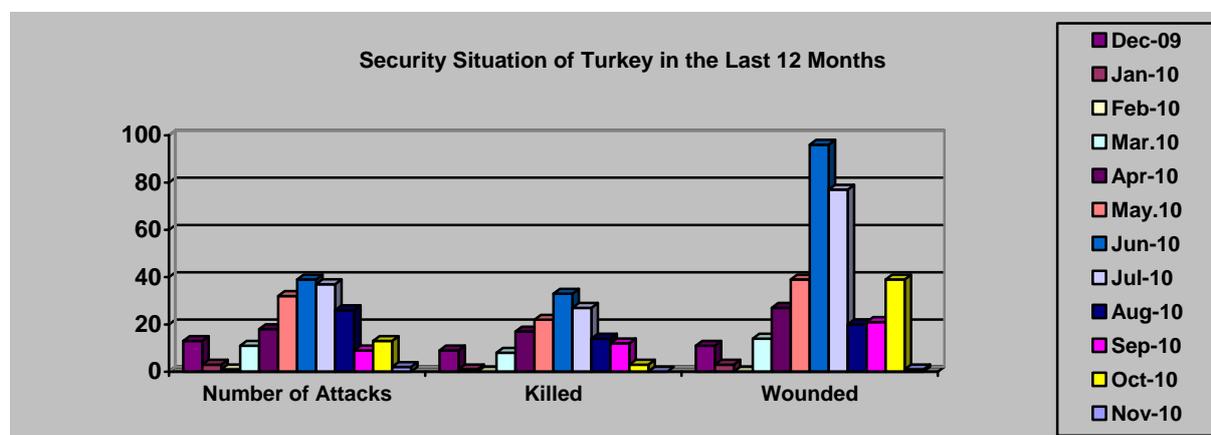
In all of Russia, seven different methods were used during the period. IED attack including three VBIED attacks was the most prevalent methodology with 14 occurrences, claimed five injuries, while eight armed attacks resulted in seven dead and three wounded. In addition, six clashes left eight dead and seven wounded, while two IDF attacks caused one wounded. Lastly, a suicide attack in Chechnya caused 10 wounded, while a hoax reported from Russia during the month.

**Greece** was the second most hit country with 10 attacks. All attacks were IED attacks, most of them against foreign embassies, in which two civilians were wounded in the attacks during the month.

**United Kingdom (UK)** was the third most hit country with seven attacks. Four IED attacks and three armed attacks left one civilian killed and four wounded including three policemen during the month.

**Georgia** was the fourth most hit country with two attacks. Two IED attacks in capital city Tbilisi claimed one life and one injury.

**Turkey** was the fifth most hit country with two terrorist incidents that resulted in one wounded. PKK/KONGRA-GEL terrorists carried out all of the incidents in Turkey. Two separate attacks occurred in Turkey and a clash in Hatay province left one soldier wounded, while an IED attack defused in Istanbul on November 14.



Lastly, an IED attack was foiled in **Germany** on November 2, while a government official was wounded in an armed attack in **Kosovo**.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Russia	32	15	26	0
Greece	10	0	2	0
UK	7	1	4	0
Georgia	2	2	1	0
Turkey	2	0	1	0
Germany	1	0	0	0
Kosovo	1	0	1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>0</b>

Table 11 – Incidents per Country in Europe in November 2010

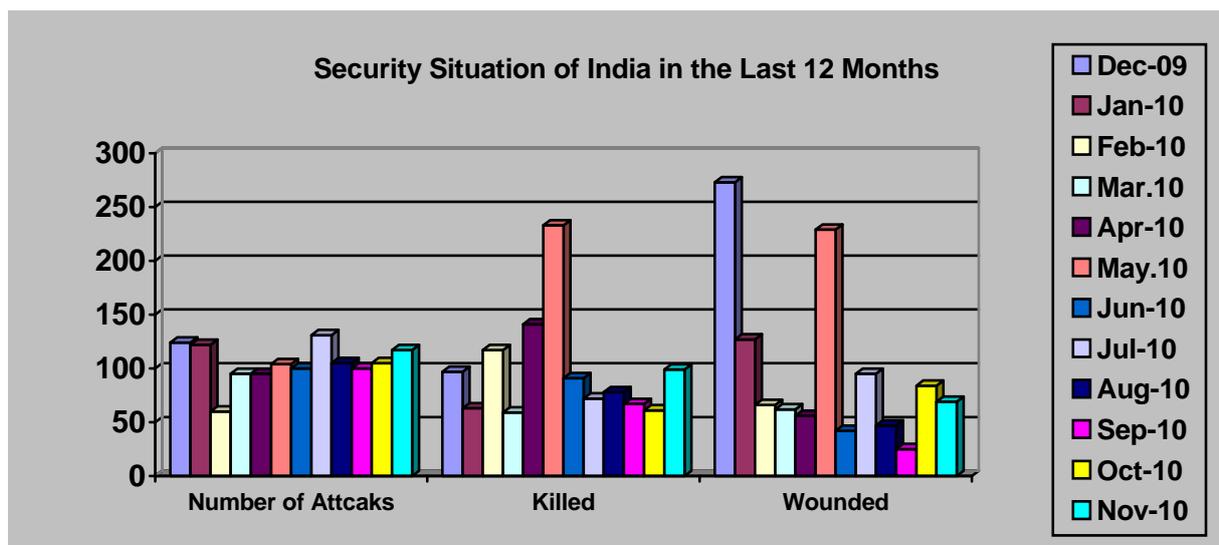
## ASIA

In **Asia**, nine countries saw terrorist attacks in November 2010. Among these, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India and Philippines were the worst hit countries in terms of the number of attacks, with 183, 139, 117 and 31 respectively.

In November 2010, there were 117 terrorist incidents reported in **India**. These 117 incidents claimed 99 lives and caused 69 injuries. Also, India saw 14 people were abducted by unknown assailants. The deadliest attack was November 8 armed attack in India, in Assam province, left 18 civilian dead and 13 wounded.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Afghanistan	183	223	276	14
Pakistan	139	227	402	22
India	117	99	69	14
Philippines	31	16	34	25
Thailand	18	14	21	0
Nepal	7	2	3	0
Myanmar	4	3	22	0
Bangladesh	4	3	17	0
Kyrgyzstan	3	0	5	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>75</b>

Table 12 –Incidents per Country in Asia in November 2010



Nine different methods were used in India during the period, and armed attack was the most prevalent method, with 31 occurrences, resulting in 63 deaths and caused 21 wounded, while clash was the second most used method with 26 instances, killing five and wounding two. The third most prevalent method was IED attack, with 25 occurrences, claimed 23 lives 25 injuries. Arson was the fourth most prevalent method, with 10 instances, causing no casualties but material damages. Also, 14 people were abducted in seven incidents, while six IDF attacks caused four security staff wounded. In addition, six people were executed in separate six attacks, while five raids left two dead and 17 wounded. Lastly, a hoax reported from in India during the month.

In total, 11 different provinces saw terrorist incidents in India during the month. **Jammu & Kashmir** saw 22 separate attacks that killed seven people. The second most-active province was **Bihar** with 22 attacks, leaving 19 dead and 24 wounded. Also, **West Bengal** saw 18 incidents in which 12 people lost their lives and 13 wounded, and included seven abducted. In addition, 18 terrorist incidents in **Manipur** left three dead and three wounded, and included

six abducted, while 11 terrorist attacks in **Jharkhand** resulted in 11 killed and three wounded. **Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Chhattisgarh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya,** and **Odisha** were other provinces afflicted with terrorism during November 2010.

A total of 31 attacks claimed 16 lives and injured 34 others, and included 25 abducted in the **Philippines** in November 2010. The deadliest attack was November 20 clash in Oriental province, resulting in two deaths and two wounded. Eight different methods were used in Philippines, and armed attack was the most prevalent methodology with 12 incidents, leaving eight dead and 13 wounded, while seven clashes left five dead and six wounded. Also, three IED attacks including one VBIED attack resulted in five wounded, while two civilians were wounded and 25 abducted in five separate incidents. In addition, two raids claimed three lives and four injuries, while an IDF attack left four wounded. Lastly, a hoax was reported from Philippines during the month.

In **Thailand**, 18 separate incidents claimed 14 lives and 21 injuries. In all, four different methods were used in Thailand in November 2010, and armed attack was the most prevalent with 10 incidents, which left 12 dead and two injured. Additionally, six IED attacks resulted in 15 wounded, while an IDF attack caused one dead and four wounded. Lastly, a civilian was executed in Thailand during the period.

**Yala** province was the worst-hit region with six attacks, claiming four lives and six injuries, while five attacks in **Narathiwat** province left five dead and one wounded. Also, three incidents in **Pattani** province claimed two lives and one injury, while two attacks in capital city **Bangkok** resulted in one dead and four wounded. Lastly, an IED attack in **Songkhla** province caused eight wounded, while an armed attack in **Ayutthaya** province left two civilian killed and one wounded during the month.

Three IED attacks, two armed attacks, a raid and an execution claimed two lives and three injuries in **Nepal**, while three clashes and an IED attack in **Myanmar** caused three dead and 22 wounded. Also, a clash, an IDF attack, an IED attack and a suicide attack left three dead and 17 wounded in **Bangladesh**. Lastly, a clash, an IDF attack and an IED attack in **Kyrgyzstan** claimed five injuries during the month.

## THE AMERICAS

In **Americas**, seven countries saw terrorist attacks in November 2010. **Colombia** was the most hit country with 42 incidents, leaving 70 dead and 109 wounded, and included seven abducted. The deadliest attack was an IED attack in Colombia, Guaviare province on November 24, claimed four lives and three injuries. Eight different methodologies were used in Colombia, and the most prevalent one was IED attack including two VBIED attacks with 13 incidents, resulting in 15 deaths and 41 injuries, while 10 raids claimed 16 lives and 22 injuries. Also, six armed attacks left 16 dead and three wounded, while five IDF attack left in nine dead and 34 wounded, and included five abductions. In addition, five clashes left 14 dead and nine wounded, while two civilians were abducted in two separate incidents. Lastly, an arson attack caused no casualties during the month.

Also, 26 incidents made **Mexico** the most hit second country in Americas, claimed 119 lives and 12 injuries. Five different methodologies used in Mexico, and armed attack was the most used one with 14 incidents, leaving 101 dead and eight wounded, while five clashes claimed seven lives and two injuries. Also, three IDF attacks claimed two injuries, while 11 people were executed in three separate attacks. Lastly, a raid caused no casualties in Mexico during the month.

Six separate attacks put **Peru** third place in America in November 2010. Three armed attacks, a clash, an IED attack and a raid left five dead and eight wounded during the month, while two IED attacks and an armed attack caused no casualties in **United States of America** (USA). Also, a clash in **Brazil** left two killed and one wounded, while an armed attack in **El Salvador** resulted in one death and two wounded. Lastly, a clash left three policemen wounded in **Nicaragua** during the month.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Colombia	42	70	109	7
Mexico	26	119	12	0
Peru	6	5	8	0
USA	3	0	0	0
Brazil	1	2	1	0
El Salvador	1	1	2	0
Nicaragua	1	0	3	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>7</b>

Table 13 –Incidents per Country in Americas in November 2010

DATE/SOURCE: 07 DEC 10 / OPEN SOURCE.