



**CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE
DEFENCE AGAINST TERRORISM
(COE-DAT)**

Monthly Terrorism Report

01 – 31 JANUARY 2011

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GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE MONTH

There were **998** reported terrorist incidents in **43** different countries in January 2011, versus **926** in the preceding month. These incidents claimed **1,347¹** lives, caused **2,286**

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Pakistan	216	275	357	8
Iraq	190	303	1,028	1
Afghanistan	157	197	210	31
India	93	47	39	13
Somalia	43	84	99	172
Thailand	40	35	61	0
Mexico	39	101	29	0
Philippines	26	36	45	1
Russia	26	52	201	2
Yemen	23	46	53	2
Colombia	23	30	33	0
Nigeria	19	57	8	3
Ivory Coast	13	14	8	0
Sudan	10	27	0	3
Turkey	9	1	1	0
UK	7	0	1	0
Algeria	5	1	4	0
Guatemala	5	12	18	0
USA	5	6	23	0
France	4	0	0	0
Greece	4	0	2	0
Tunisia	4	0	0	0
Myanmar	3	0	3	0
Niger	3	2	0	0
Nepal	3	0	0	6
Paraguay	3	4	2	0
Switzerland	3	0	0	0
Ukraine	3	0	0	0
Bangladesh	2	0	25	0
El Salvador	2	0	5	0
Israel	2	0	2	0
Kyrgyzstan	2	4	0	0
Brazil	1	1	0	0
Burundi	1	0	0	0
Egypt	1	1	5	0
Germany	1	0	0	0
Guyana	1	1	17	0
Honduras	1	8	0	0
Mali	1	0	3	0
Mauritania	1	0	0	0
Senegal	1	2	1	0
Sri Lanka	1	0	3	0
Tajikistan	1	0	0	0
Total	998	1,347	2,286	242

injuries, and included **242** abductions. Terrorist incidents intensified in Pakistan, Iraq, Afghanistan, India, Somalia, Thailand, Mexico, Philippines, Russia, Yemen, Colombia and Nigeria during this period. In January 2011, violence increased in Pakistan roughly 26%, while 16% decrease was recorded in Iraq. In addition, violence was almost the same in Afghanistan and India compared to the previous month in terms of the number of attacks during the month. Also, 43 terrorist incidents were recorded in Somalia, while 40 terrorist attacks occurred in Thailand. Furthermore, 26 incidents made the Philippines the most targeted eighth country in the world. Lastly, the violence increased in Russia roughly 23%, while nine terrorist incidents were recorded in Turkey.



Karbala Province in Iraq ²

Suicide attack in Karbala province claimed 50 lives and 203 injuries on January 20 in Iraq.

Table 1- Attacks in January 2011 throughout the World

K: Killed
W: Wounded
A: Abducted

¹ All figures mentioned in the report come from publicly available sources, and any discrepancy in figures cited in similar works is the result of varying consultation of these sources. Neither NATO nor COE-DAT is responsible for such discrepancies.

² Iraq map, (accessed May 21, 2007); available from <http://images.google.com.tr/imgress?imgurl=http://newsimg.bbc.co.uk>

The deadliest attack was a suicide attack in Karbala province, in Iraq, on January 20, 2011 and caused 50 dead and 203 wounded. Two suicide vehicle-borne improvised explosive device (SVBIED) attacks targeted Shi'ite pilgrims and police in the incidents. Both cars were exploded at the same time in the province. Most of the dead were pilgrims visiting the holy Shi'ite city of Karbala ahead of the culmination of a major religious rite which is regularly attacked by al-Qaeda in Iraq (AQI) terrorist organization.

Attack type	Number of Instances	K	W	A
IED	318	316	659	9
Armed attack	252	349	184	0
Clash	162	160	217	0
IDF	54	53	105	0
VBIED	34	98	395	0
Raid	31	65	29	0
Execution	55	117	0	0
Arson	32	0	0	2
Suicide attack	23	189	697	0
Abduction	19	0	0	60
Piracy	11	0	0	171
Hoax	7	0	0	0
Total	998	1,347	2,286	242

Table 2 - Types of Terrorist Attacks in January 2011

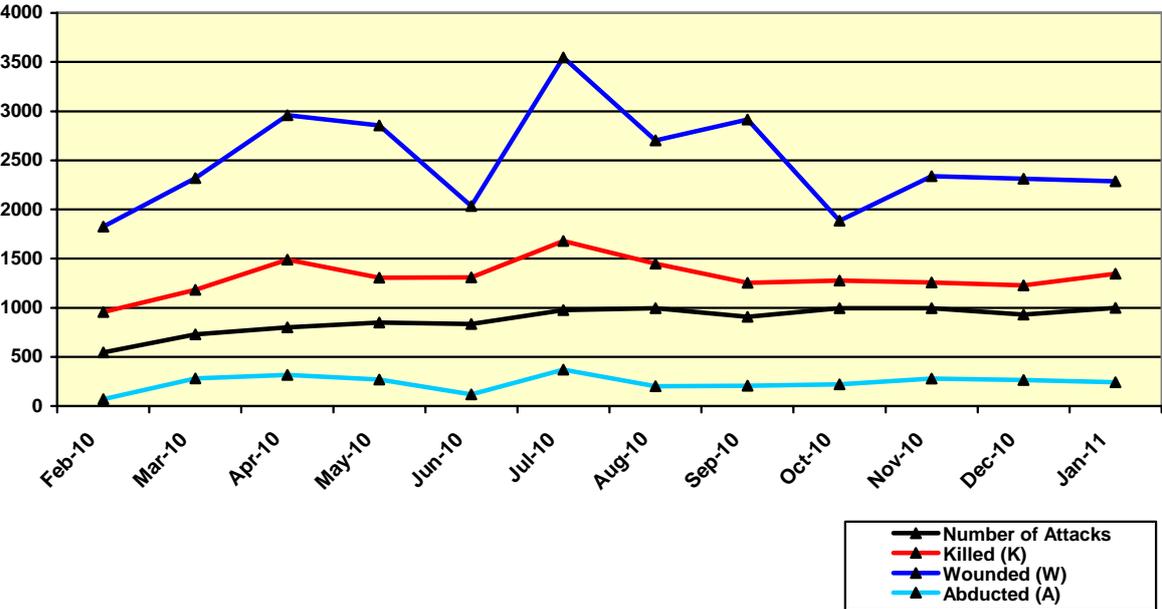
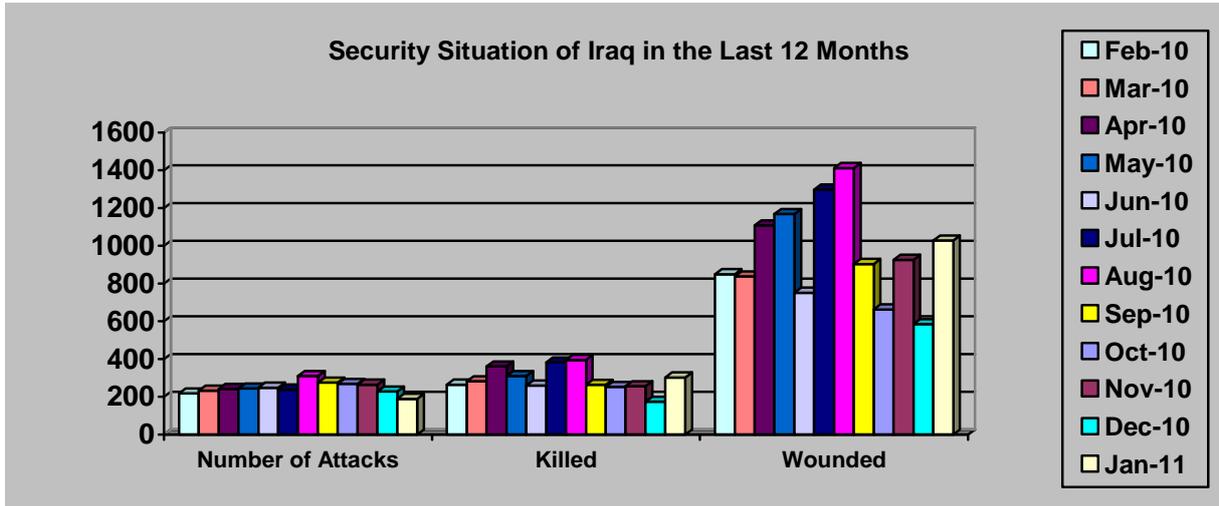


Chart 1 – Some World Security Trends

IRAQ

In **Iraq**, **190** terrorism-related incidents were reported for the month of January 2011 and terrorism related incidents decreased roughly 16% compared to the previous month. These attacks claimed **303** lives, and wounded **1,028** others, and included one abducted. The deadliest attack was an improvised explosive device (IED) attack in Salah al-Din province on January 18, left 54 people dead, and 137 others wounded. Also, another deadliest attack was a SVBIED attack in Karbala province on January 20, claiming 50 lives and 203 injuries.



In **Baghdad**, 102 terrorist incidents were reported for January 2011. These incidents claimed 114 lives and wounded 340. The most significant attack for the period was January 27 vehicle-borne improvised explosive device (VBIED) attack, killing 48 people and wounding 121.

Four different methods were used in Baghdad during the month. The most-used method was IED attack, with 64 attacks including 14 VBIED attacks. In total, IED attacks claimed 74 lives and 228 injuries. The second-most prevalent method was armed attack with 36 incidents resulting in 38 deaths and 11 injuries. Lastly, two clashes caused two dead and one injury in Baghdad during the month.

Mosul was the second worst hit province in Iraq in January 2011, with 31 separate attacks, leaving 18 dead, 25 wounded and one abducted. The deadliest attack was January 16 execution, left three civilian dead.

Eight different methodologies were used in Mosul during the month, and the most-used method was IED attack with 13 instances including three VBIED attacks, these attacks resulted in four deaths and 16 wounded. The second most prevalent method was armed attack, with nine instances, claimed seven lives and four injuries, while five civilian were executed in three separate attacks. In addition, two suicide attacks were foiled in Mosul, while two IDF attacks caused one dead and four wounded. Also, a clash claimed one life and one injury. Lastly, a civilian was abducted in Mosul on January 24 during the period.

Diala province was the third worst hit province during the month, with 13 incidents. These attacks claimed 27 lives and wounded 133. The most significant attack for the period was a SVBIED attack on January 19, targeted police training centre, resulted in 15 deaths and 50 wounded.

Three different tactics were used in Diala province during the month, and the most prevalent method for the period was IED attack, with six attacks, claiming three lives and 16 injuries. In addition, four suicide attacks caused 23 dead, 115 wounded, while three armed attacks claimed one life and two injuries during the month.

Location	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Baghdad	102	114	340	0
Mosul	31	18	25	1
Diala	13	27	133	0
Kirkuk	12	7	6	0
Salah al-Din	10	60	161	0
7 other locs.	22	77	363	0
Total	190	303	1,028	1

Table3– The Worst Hit Provinces in Iraq in January 2011

Kirkuk province was the fourth worst-hit province during the period, with 12 attacks. In total, seven people were killed, six others were wounded.

Four different methods were used in the province during the period. IED attack, with six instances, was the most used methodology in the province claimed one life and six injuries. The second most important method was armed attack with three attacks, resulting in three dead, while an IDF attack caused no casualties. Lastly, one civilian and two Sahwa Awakening members were executed in Kirkuk province during the month.

Salah al-Din was the fifth worst hit region, in which 10 separate incidents, claimed 77 lives, and 363 wounded. The deadliest attack was January 18 IED attack, claimed 54 lives and 137 injuries in the province.

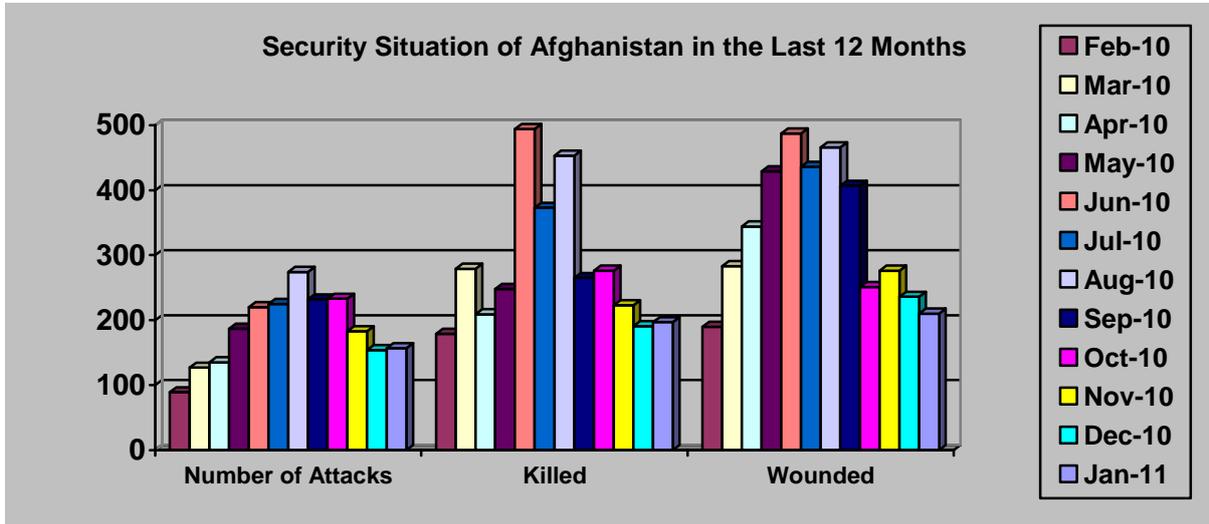
Two methods were used during the period in Salah al-Din province. The most used method was IED attack including two VBIED attacks, with 10 incidents, left 60 dead and 161 wounded in the province during the month.

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
IED	86	85	372	0
Armed attack	55	52	20	0
VBIED	22	76	307	0
Suicide attack	8	74	323	0
Execution	8	12	0	0
IDF	7	1	4	0
Clash	3	3	2	0
Abduction	1	0	0	1
Total	190	303	1,028	1

Table 4 – Attack Types in Iraq in January 2011

AFGHANISTAN

In January 2011, **157** terrorist incidents were reported in **Afghanistan**. These attacks claimed **197** lives and caused **210** injuries. Also **31** people abducted during the same period. The number of terrorist incidents was almost the same compared to the previous month. The deadliest attack for the month was an IED attack against civilians in Paktika province caused 20 deaths on January 19.



Terrorists targeted 27 provinces in Afghanistan during the month. **Helmand** was the most vulnerable province in the country, with 30 separate attacks that killed 27 people and wounded 1. Also, unknown assailants abducted 10 civilians. The deadliest attack was January 16 IED attack, left six civilian killed in Helmand province.

In Helmand, the most used method was IED attack, with 20 instances that caused 19 deaths and 11 wounded, and included nine abducted. Secondly, four clashes caused no casualties, while three armed attacks claimed five lives. Also, a raid resulted in one death and three injuries, while an IDF attack caused two dead and four injuries. Lastly, a civilian was abducted in the province during the month.

Kandahar was the country's second hardest hit province, with 13 separate attacks, leaving 28 dead and 51 wounded. The deadliest attack was a suicide attack in Kandahar province on January 7, claimed 17 lives and 21 injuries, while January 20 IED attack in the province caused three civilians dead and four others wounded.

A total of five different methods were used in the province during the period. IED attack was the most used method including one VBIED attack, with six separate attacks, killing six and wounding 25 people, while four suicide attacks claiming 21 lives and 26 injuries. Also, two clashes caused no casualties, while an armed attack left one policeman dead in Kandahar province during the month.

Kabul province saw nine attacks during the month, in which 14 people were killed and 57 were wounded. The deadliest attack for the month was a suicide attack in capital city Kabul province on January 28, claimed nine lives and 17 injuries.

In all, terrorists in the province used five different methods. IED attack and suicide attack with three occurrences were the most used methods in Kabul province. Three suicide attacks claimed 11 lives and 49 injuries, while three IED attacks resulted in two deaths and three injuries. In addition, an armed attack caused one policeman dead, while a raid caused four security staff wounded. Lastly, a raid wounded a journalist in Kabul during the month.

A total of eight separate attacks made **Nangarhar** province the fourth most violent province in Afghanistan. These attacks resulted in three dead, 12 wounded. The deadliest attack for the month was an IED attack in Nangarhar province on January 30, left six policemen wounded.

In all, three different methods were used in Nangarhar province, and IED attack was the most prevalent methodology during the period with five attacks. These five attacks resulted in two deaths and nine wounded. Also, two clashes caused no casualties, while a raid claimed one life and three injuries in the province during the month.

Province	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Helmand	30	27	18	10
Kandahar	13	28	51	0
Kabul	9	14	57	0
Nangarhar	8	3	12	0
Ghazni	7	15	14	0
other 23 prov.	90	110	58	21
Total	157	197	210	31

Table 5 – The Worst Hit Provinces in Afghanistan in January 2011

Ghazni province saw the fifth highest number of attacks in the country, with seven incidents, claiming 15 lives, 14 injuries. The deadliest attack for the month was an indirect fire (IDF) attack in Ghazni province on January 22, left seven civilians killed.

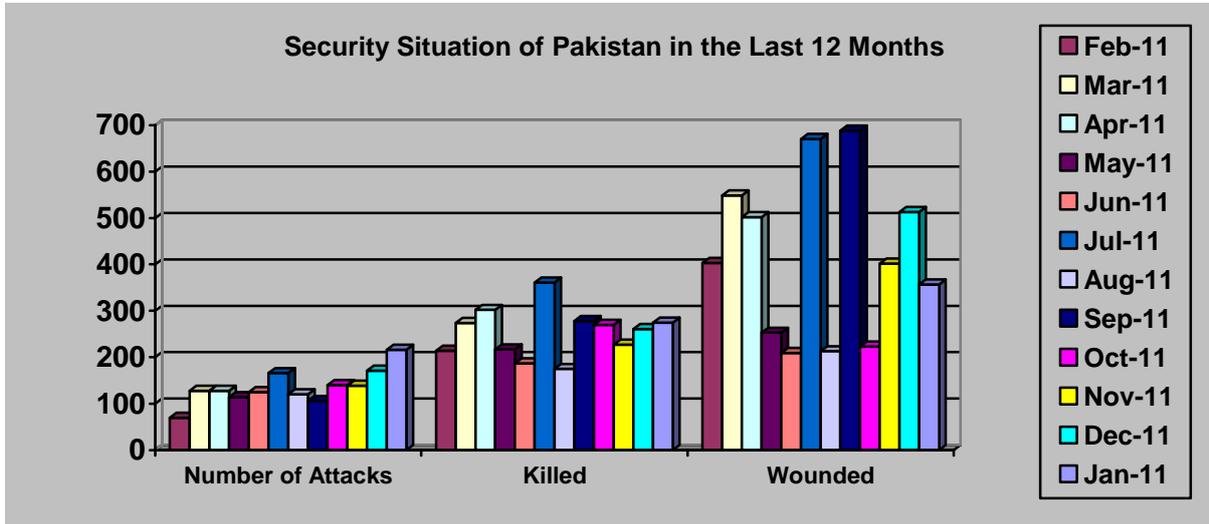
Four different methods were used in Ghazni province and IDF attack was the most used method with three incidents, left 12 killed and 10 wounded, while two IED attacks resulting in two deaths and four wounded. In addition, an armed attack left one civilian dead, while a clash caused no casualties in the province during the month.

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
IED	79	126	62	9
Clash	36	4	14	0
Armed attack	13	16	1	0
Suicide attack	8	32	75	0
Raid	7	3	11	0
IDF	6	15	28	0
Arson	3	0	0	0
Abduction	2	0	0	22
VBIED	2	0	19	0
Execution	1	1	0	0
Total	157	197	210	31

Table 6 – Attack Types in Afghanistan in January 2011

PAKISTAN

216 terrorist incidents occurred in **Pakistan** in January 2011, claiming **275** lives and causing **357** injuries, and included **eight** abducted. The violence level increased 26% in Pakistan compared to the previous month. The deadliest attack was January 12 suicide attack in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province, killing 25 people and wounding 17 others. Also, an IED attack in same province claimed 18 lives on January 17.



The terrorists hit six provinces in Pakistan during the month and **Federally Administered Tribal Area (FATA)** was the most hit province, with 66 incidents, claiming 59 lives, causing 60 injuries. The most significant attack in FATA was January 13 IDF attack in which nine people were killed and 11 wounded.

Nine different tactics were used in FATA province, and IED attack including one VBIED attack was the most used method, with 24 occurrences, leaving 19 dead and 35 wounded, while 12 IDF attacks left 28 dead and 20 wounded. Also, 12 clashes resulted in one wounded, while nine armed attacks claimed five lives and four injuries. In addition, seven civilians including government official were executed, while three arson attacks caused no casualties. Lastly, a raid and a suicide attack caused no casualties in FATA during the month.

Sindh province saw 54 incidents during the month, in which 61 people lost their lives, 18 others were wounded. The deadliest incident was January 13 armed attack in Sindh province, killing six civilians.

A total of five different methods were used in the Sindh province during the period. Armed attack was the most used method, with 46 separate attacks, killing 53 people and wounding 13, while five executions caused five dead. Also, two IED attacks, one of them VBIED, left three dead and five wounded, while a clash caused no casualties.

Baluchistan was the worst hit third region, with 51 different attacks, claiming 30 lives and 64 injuries, and included six abductions. The deadliest incident was January 7 armed attack in the province, resulting in three civilians dead. In addition, January 27 IED attack caused two civilians dead and eight wounded in province during the month.

In all, terrorists used seven different methodologies in the province, leading with IED attacks including one VBIED attack, with 25 occurrences, resulting in nine dead and 62 wounded, while 10 arson attacks claimed two injuries. In addition, nine armed attacks resulted in 11 deaths and two injuries, while eight people were executed in four separate attacks. Also, four civilians were abducted in two separate incidents. Lastly, a raid left two civilians dead in the province during the month.

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province saw the fourth highest number of attacks in the country, with 39 separate attacks that killed 111, wounded 130 people, and included two abductions. The deadliest attack was January 12 suicide attack in the province in which 17 civilian were killed and 25 others wounded. In addition, January 17 IED attack resulted in 18 civilian dead.

Nine different methods used in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province, and the most used method was IED attack, with 20 occurrences including two VBIED attacks, caused 46 dead and 74 wounded. The second most prevalent method was armed attack, with five occurrences, leaving eight dead and eight wounded, while four suicide attacks claimed 38 lives and 36 injuries. Also, four clashes left nine killed and eight wounded, while two IDF attacks caused no casualties. In addition, two raids claimed six lives, while four civilians were executed in an execution. Lastly, two civilians were abducted in an abduction incident in the province during the period.

Punjab was the fifth worst hit province, with five attacks, causing 14 dead and 85 wounded. The January 25 suicide attack was the most significant incident in the province, killing 10 people and wounding 85 others including policemen. Also, an armed attack left one government official dead, while three civilians were executed in three separate incidents.

Lastly, **Gilgit-Baltistan** province saw one incident in Pakistan during the month. An IED attack in the province caused no casualties in the incident.

Location	Number of attacks	K	W	A
FATA	66	59	60	0
Sindh	54	61	18	0
Baluchistan	51	30	64	6
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	39	111	130	2
Punjab	5	14	85	0
Gilgit-Baltistan	1	0	0	0
Total	216	275	357	8

Table 7 – The Worst Hit Provinces in Pakistan in January 2011

Attack type	Number of instances	K	W	A
Armed attack	70	78	27	0
IED	67	68	141	0
Clash	17	9	9	0
Execution	17	27	0	0
IDF	14	28	20	0
Arson	13	0	0	2
Suicide Attack	6	48	121	0
VBIED	5	9	39	0
Raid	4	8	0	0
Abduction	3	0	0	6
Total	216	275	357	8

Table 8 – Attack Types in Pakistan in January 2011

THE MIDDLE EAST

Along with Iraq, Yemen and Israel suffered from terrorist attacks in January 2011. Excluding Iraq, 25 incidents were reported in the region during the period. The deadliest attack in Middle East was January 7 armed attack in Abyan province in Yemen, killing 12 and wounding three.

The worst hit country in the Middle East was **Yemen**, with 23 separate incidents, leaving 46 dead and 53 wounded, and included two abducted. The most significant attack in Yemen was an armed attack on January 7, caused 12 soldiers killed and three others wounded, while January 21 clash left nine civilians dead and 12 others wounded. Six different methods were used in Yemen during the period, and the most prevalent was armed attack, with 10 occurrences, claiming 22 lives and 14 injuries, and also eight clashes resulted in 22 deaths and 33 wounded. In addition, two IED attacks left two dead and five wounded, while an IDF attack caused one civilian wounded. Lastly, two soldiers were abducted in an attack, while a piracy attack foiled in Yemen during the month.

Another country were hit in the region was **Israel**. Two terror incidents, both IDF attacks, left two civilians wounded in Israel during the month.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Iraq	190	303	1,028	1
Yemen	23	46	53	2
Israel	2	0	2	0
Total	215	349	1,083	3

Table 9 – Incidents per Country in the Middle East in January 2011

AFRICA

In **Africa**, 12 countries were hit by various terrorist acts during January 2011. Among these countries, **Somalia** saw the most activity, with some 43 separate attacks, resulting in 84 deaths and 99 wounded, and included 172 abductions. The deadliest incident was January 21 clash in the restive capital city, Mogadishu in which 22 people were killed, while January 31 clash claimed 16 lives and 25 injuries in Mogadishu.

Eight different methodologies were used in Somalia, and the most used method was clash, with 16 instances, which resulted in 65 deaths and 74 wounded, while 10 piracies caused 171 abducted. Also, five armed attacks resulted in five deaths, while four IED attack left two dead and nine wounded, while four IDF attacks claimed eight lives and 16 injuries. In addition, four civilians were executed in two separate incidents, while a civilian was abducted in Galgadud region. Lastly, a raid caused no casualties in Somalia during the month.

19 attacks in **Nigeria** put the country in Africa the second most targeted country in January 2011. In all, 57 people lost their lives and eight others wounded, and included three abducted. The deadliest attack was January 27 raid in Plateau province, claiming 14 lives. Five different methodologies were used in Nigeria, and the most used one was armed attack with nine instances, resulting in 27 deaths and two injuries, while five raids left 30 dead and six others wounded. Also, two IED attacks and an arson attack caused no casualties. Lastly, three civilians were abducted in two separate incidents in Nigeria during the month.

13 terrorist attacks were seen in **Ivory Coast**, killing 14 and wounding eight. Three methodologies were used in Ivory Coast, and the most used one was armed attack with eight occurrences, left five United Nation (UN) workers wounded. Also, four clashes claimed 14 lives and three injuries. Lastly, an arson attack caused no casualties. **Sudan** was another country suffered from terrorism in Africa. 10 separate incidents left 27 dead and three abducted in the country. Clash was the most used tactic in Sudan with seven repetitions, resulting in 15 deaths, while two raids claimed 12 lives. Lastly, three foreigners were abducted in Sudan during the month. **Algeria** was hit five times during the month, and IED attack was the most used method with three incidents, leaving one policeman wounded, while a raid claimed one life and three wounded. Lastly, a clash caused no casualties in the country.

Four clashes in **Tunisia** caused no casualties during the month. The target was police in the incident in Tunisia. Two clashes and execution in **Niger** claimed two lives. The victims were foreigners in the incidents. Lastly, **Burundi, Egypt, Mali, Mauritania** and **Senegal** were the other countries suffered from terrorism in Africa during the period.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Somalia	43	84	99	172
Nigeria	19	57	8	3
Ivory Coast	13	14	8	0
Sudan	10	27	0	3
Algeria	5	1	4	0
Tunisia	4	0	0	0
Niger	3	2	0	0
Burundi	1	0	0	0
Egypt	1	1	5	0
Mali	1	0	3	0
Mauritania	1	0	0	0
Senegal	1	2	1	0
Total	102	188	128	178

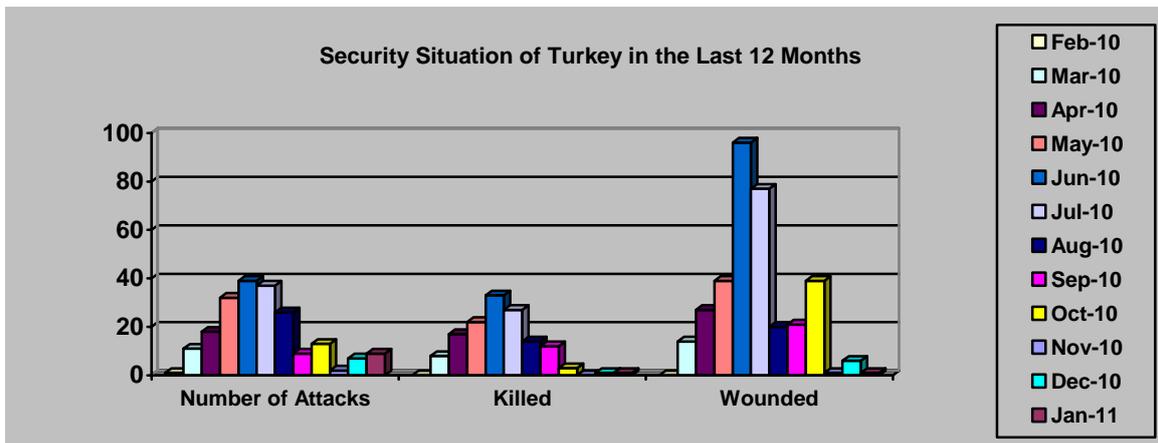
Table 10 – Incidents per Country in Africa in January 2011

EUROPE

Eight countries suffered from terrorism in Europe in January 2011. **Russia** was the leading country with 26 terrorist attacks, which killed 52 and wounded 201, and included two abducted. The deadliest incident was a suicide attack in capital city Moscow province on January 24, caused 35 dead and more than 170 wounded.

In all of Russia, nine different methods were used during the period. IED attacks including two VBIED attacks, armed attack and clash were the most prevalent methodology with six occurrences. IED attacks claimed eight lives and 12 injuries, while armed attacks resulted in seven dead. Also, six clashes left one dead and 11 wounded. In addition, three hoaxes were reported from Russia, while two IDF caused no casualties. Furthermore, one government official was executed in Dagestan, while a suicide attack in Moscow resulted in 35 deaths and 178 wounded. Lastly, two civilians were abducted during the month.

Turkey was the second most hit country with nine attacks. Three hoaxes, two IED attacks, one IDF attack, one raid, one hijack attempt and one armed attack claimed one life and one injury in Turkey during the month. **UK** was the third most hit country with seven attacks. Five IED attacks, one armed attack and an IDF attack caused one wounded. Three of five IED attacks got defused in the country.



France and **Greece** were the fourth most hit countries with four attacks. Four IED attacks caused no casualties in France, while two IED attacks, one IDF attack and one hoax left two wounded in Greece during the month.

Switzerland saw three incidents, two IED and an arson attack. These attacks caused no casualties in the country. Also three attacks in **Ukraine** caused no casualties.

Lastly, **Germany** saw one terror incident during the month. One IDF attack against Croatian Embassy was foiled in Berlin province during the period.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Russia	26	52	201	2
Turkey	9	1	1	0
UK	7	0	1	0
France	4	0	0	0
Greece	4	0	2	0
Switzerland	3	0	0	0
Ukraine	3	0	0	0
Germany	1	0	0	0
Total	57	53	205	2

Table 11 – Incidents per Country in Europe in January 2011

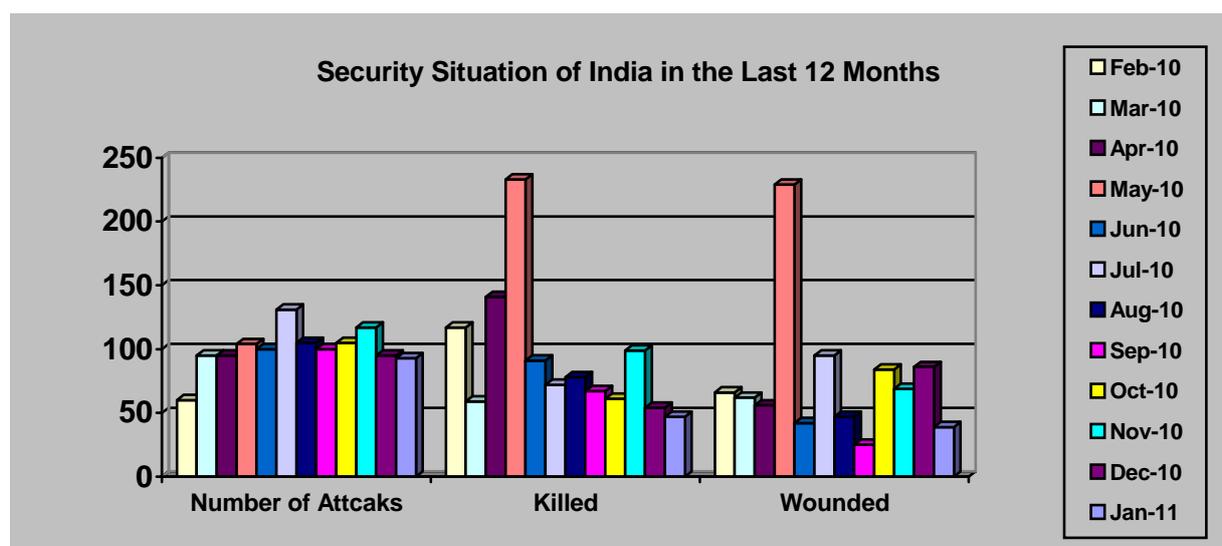
ASIA

In **Asia**, 11 countries saw terrorist attacks in January 2011. Among these, Pakistan, Afghanistan, India, Thailand and Philippines were the worst hit countries in terms of the number of attacks, with 216, 157, 93, 40 and 26 respectively.

In January 2011, there were 93 terrorist incidents in **India**. These 93 incidents claimed 47 lives and caused 39 injuries, and included 13 abducted. The deadliest attack was January 7 armed attack in India, in West Bengal province, left six civilians dead and 20 wounded.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Pakistan	216	275	357	8
Afghanistan	157	197	210	31
India	93	47	39	13
Thailand	40	35	61	0
Philippines	26	36	45	1
Myanmar	3	0	3	0
Nepal	3	0	0	6
Bangladesh	2	0	25	0
Kyrgyzstan	2	4	0	0
Sri Lanka	1	0	3	0
Tajikistan	1	0	0	0
Total	544	594	743	59

Table 12 –Incidents per Country in Asia in January 2011



Eight different methods were used in India during the period, and clash was the most prevalent method, with 22 occurrences, resulting in three deaths and caused three wounded, while armed attack was the second most used method with 17 instances, killing 24 and wounding 30. The third most prevalent method was IED attack, with 17 occurrences, claimed one life and six injuries. Arson was the fourth most prevalent method, with 13 instances, causing no casualties but material damages. Also, 18 people were executed in 12 incidents, while five IDF attacks caused no casualties. In addition, 13 people were abducted in four separate incidents. Lastly, three raids left one soldier killed in India during the month.

In total, 12 different provinces saw terrorist incidents in India during the month. **Jharkhand** saw 19 separate attacks that killed 12 people and wounded one, and included five abducted. The second most-active province was **Odisha** with 17 attacks, leaving two dead and three wounded. Also, **West Bengal** saw 11 incidents in which 14 people lost their

lives and 20 wounded. In addition, 10 terrorist incidents in **Jammu & Kashmir** left six dead, while 10 terrorist attacks in **Manipur** resulted in three killed. **Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Kerala, Maharashtra** and **Tripura**, were other provinces afflicted with terrorism during January 2011.

In **Thailand**, 40 separate incidents claimed 35 lives and 61 injuries. In all, six different methods were used in Thailand in January 2011, and armed attack was the most prevalent with 19 incidents, which left 17 dead and 11 wounded. Additionally, 17 IED attacks including one VBIED attack, resulted in 11 deaths and 41 wounded, while two clashes caused one dead and one wounded, while a raid claimed six lives and six injuries. Lastly, an IDF attack left two soldiers wounded in Thailand during the period.

In all, **Narathiwat** province was the worst-hit region with 14 attacks, claiming 17 lives and 28 injuries, while 13 attacks in **Pattani** province left seven dead and 15 wounded. Also, eight incidents in **Yala** province claimed 11 lives and 12 injuries, while two attacks in capital city **Bangkok** caused no casualties. Also, **Khon Kaen, Songkhla** and **Tak** were other provinces suffered from terrorism during the month.

A total of 26 attacks claimed 36 lives and injured 45 others, and included one abducted in the **Philippines** in January 2011. The deadliest incident was January 25 VBIED attack in Manila province, resulting in five deaths and 13 wounded. Six different methods were used in Philippines, and armed attack was the most prevalent methodology with 10 incidents, claiming 13 lives and 10 injuries, while 10 clashes left eight dead and 13 wounded. Also, three IED attacks including one VBIED attack resulted in 12 dead and 22 wounded, while a raid caused three soldiers dead. Lastly, a civilian was abducted in Philippines during the month.

Two IED attacks and an IDF attack claimed three lives in **Myanmar**. In addition, two IED attacks caused no casualties, while six civilians were abducted in an incident in **Nepal**. In addition, two clashes caused 25 wounded in **Bangladesh**, while an armed attack and a clash claimed four lives including policemen in **Kyrgyzstan**. Lastly, a raid in **Sri Lanka** left three Buddhist Monk dead, while a clash in **Tajikistan** caused no casualties during the month.

THE AMERICAS

In **Americas**, nine countries saw terrorist attacks in January 2011. **Mexico** was the most hit country with 39 incidents, leaving 101 dead and 29 wounded. The deadliest attack was an armed attack in Nezahualcoyotl province on January 16, claimed eight lives, while another armed attack left seven civilians dead and two others wounded in Ciudad Juarez on January 25. Five different methodologies were used in Mexico, and the most prevalent one was armed attack with 14 incidents, resulting in 51 deaths and eight injuries, while 10 clashes claimed four lives and 14 injuries. Also, 45 people were executed in 10 separate incidents, while four IDF attacks left three wounded. Lastly, a VBIED attack claimed one life and four injuries during the month.

Also, 23 incidents made **Colombia** the most hit second country in Americas, claimed 30 lives and 33 injuries. The deadliest attack was an armed attack on January 30 in Narino province, resulted in five deaths and 10 wounded. Six different methodologies used in Colombia. IED attack and clash was the most used one with seven incidents. Seven IED attacks left three dead, while seven clashes claimed eight lives and 12 injuries. Also, four armed attacks resulted in 12 deaths and 20 wounded, while six civilians were executed in two separate incidents. Lastly, two raids caused one dead, while an IDF attack claimed one injury in Mexico during the month.

In addition, four armed attacks and an IED attack in **Guatemala** claimed 12 lives and 17 injuries. Five separate attacks in **United States of America** (USA) left six dead and 23 wounded during the month. The most significant attack was an armed attack against a US Congresswoman in Arizona, claiming six lives and 19 injuries. Other attacks in USA were two IED attacks, an armed attack and clash caused four wounded. Also, two IED attacks and a clash resulted in four deaths and two wounded in **Paraguay**, while an IED attack and an IDF attack in **El Salvador** claimed five injuries. In addition, a civilian was executed in **Brazil**, while an IDF attack claimed a life and 17 injuries in **Guyana**. Lastly, an armed attack left eight civilians dead in **Honduras** during the month.

Country	Number of attacks	K	W	A
Mexico	39	101	29	0
Colombia	23	30	33	0
Guatemala	5	12	18	0
USA	5	6	23	0
Paraguay	3	4	2	0
El Salvador	2	0	5	0
Brazil	1	1	0	0
Guyana	1	1	17	0
Honduras	1	8	0	0
Total	80	163	127	0

Table 13 –Incidents per Country in Americas in January 2011

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